

Year: 2

Term: Autumn

Cornerstones Topic: Towers, tunnels and Turrets / Land Ahoy!

What should I already know?

We live in in Bishop's Stortford, which is a town in England.
 Other countries in the UK are Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland
 London is a city and the capital city of England.
 Name some simple human features of London—London Eye, Big Ben and Buckingham Palace
 Name the River Thames as the river in London
 Understand simple compass points
 Use a world map to identify the UK
 Use geographical language including city, town, river.

Key Vocabulary

Map	A drawing of a town, a country or the world.
Atlas	A book of maps.
Globe	A ball/sphere with a map of the whole world.
Continent	A very large area of land that consists of
Island	A piece of land surrounded by water.
Ocean	One of the five very large areas of salt water
Seas	A large area of salt water on the Earth's
United Kingdom	The UK, is officially known as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. It includes England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
England /London	A country in the United Kingdom /its capital
Northern Ireland / Belfast	A country in the United Kingdom /its capital city.
Scotland/ Edinburgh	A country in the United Kingdom /its capital
Wales /Cardiff	A country in the United Kingdom /its capital
Capital city	A city that is the home to government.
Human features	Features that have been made by people.
Physical features	Natural features of land .

Key Locational / Place Knowledge

There are four countries in the United Kingdom , England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland
 Each country has a capital city, a flag and a national flower.

Country	Capital City	Flag	National Flower
England	London		rose
Scotland	Edinburgh		thistle
Wales	Cardiff		daffodil
Northern Ireland	Belfast		shamrock

Great Britain is an island and surrounded by the Irish Sea, North Sea and the English Channel

The world's 7 continents are Europe, Africa, Asia, North America, South America, Antarctica, Australia
 The world's 5 oceans are the Atlantic, Arctic, Indian, Pacific and Southern Ocean.

Human and Physical Geography

In London, England, The Tower of London is a famous building. Castles are human features

Discuss the features on their pirate island and use the correct terms for simple human and physical features on the pirate island (e.g. homes, hill, river, valley, forest, mountains, lakes)

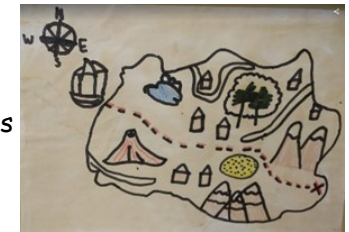
Geographical Enquiry

Children encouraged to ask simple geographical questions about their treasure map e.g. Where is it?
 Make sketches e.g. of Castle Mound
 Use world maps as sources of information.
 Make simple comparisons between features of different places. E.g. on treasure maps
 Express own views about if they would like to live on their island. Give detailed reasons to support .

Using maps and scale

Making maps

Use an infant atlas to locate continents, oceans, countries and capital cities in UK
 Begin to spatially match places e.g. recognise the UK on a small scale and larger scale map.
 Draw a map of a imaginary place e.g. pirate map and add some physical and human features e.g. mountains, rivers.
 Begin to understand the need for a key.
 Use class agreed symbols to make a simple key.




Direction


Follow directions (Up, down, left/right, forwards/backwards) and introduce north, south, east and west when plotting a route on their pirate island.


Cross curricular opportunities


History—Make a poster about the explorer Christopher Columbus.


Vocabulary Word Mat for Towers, tunnels and Turrets/ Land Ahoy!


<u>Word</u>	<u>Picture</u>
Map	
<u>Definition</u>	
A drawing of a town, a country or the world.	

<u>Word</u>	<u>Picture</u>
Continent	
<u>Definition</u>	
A very large area of land that consists of many countries.	

<u>Word</u>	<u>Picture</u>
Ocean	
<u>Definition</u>	
One of the five very large areas of salt water on the Earth's surface.	

<u>Word</u>	<u>Picture</u>
United Kingdom	
<u>Definition</u>	
The UK, is officially known as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. It includes England, Scotland, Wales and	

<u>Word</u>	<u>Picture</u>
Human feature	
<u>Definition</u>	
Features that have been made by people. For example: Houses, offices, towns, cities and ports.	

<u>Word</u>	<u>Picture</u>
Physical feature	
<u>Definition</u>	
Natural features of land. For example: Vegetation, cliffs, seas and streams are all natural.	

Northgate Geography Knowledge Organisers

Hours spent on this topic: 6 hours



Year: 2

Term: Spring 1

Cornerstones Topic: Street Detectives

Geography Topic: Local area

What should I already know?

I live in Bishop's Stortford which is in Hertfordshire, England.
 Bishop's Stortford is a town and it is smaller than a London which is a city
 Town and cities have human features eg houses and roads.
 They also have physical features eg the river in London is called the River Thames

Key Vocabulary

Map	A drawing of a town, a country or the world.
United Kingdom	The UK, is officially known as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. It includes England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
England	A country in the United Kingdom
Hertfordshire	A county in England. Bishop's Stortford is in it.
Town	An area that is usually larger than a village but smaller than a city .
Human features	Features that have been made by people
Physical features	Natural features of land
Route	A way or course taken in getting from a starting point to a destination.
Valley	A low area of land between hills or mountains,
Office	A place where business is done or a service is supplied
Factory	Buildings with facilities for manufacturing different goods
Road	An open way for vehicles to travel along
Locality/Local area	The area surrounding a particular location.
Key	Symbols in the key might be pictures or icons that represent different things on the map.

Cross curricular opportunities

Discuss shapes and road signs seen on our walk around the locality.
 Discuss the difference between triangular, circular, hexagonal and rectangular road signs.

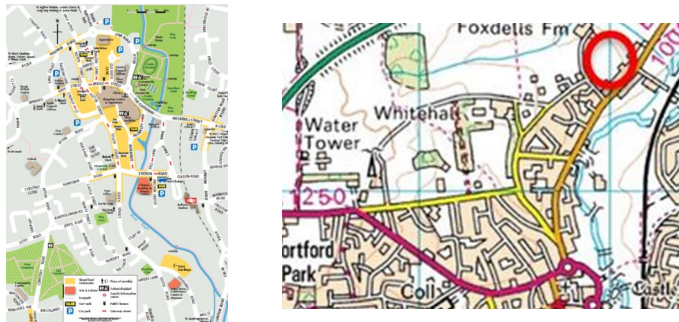
Key Locational / Place Knowledge

Human and Physical Geography

What can we learn about Bishop's Stortford from around us?

What I will know by the end of the unit?

Locate Bishop's Stortford on a map of the United Kingdom.
 Explain that Bishop's Stortford is in the South of England.
 Explain that Bishop's Stortford is in the county of Hertfordshire.
 Know key human features of the town centre includes roads, shops, churches, offices
 Know that factories used to be in the centre e.g. brewery
 Know that the River Stort is a physical feature as are woods eg Hoggarts Wood, Birchanger Wood
 Know that Bishop's Stortford is built on hills and valleys eg Thornfield Road, and up Bells Hill to church on hill



Fieldwork skills

Gathering information

Ask a familiar person prepared questions e.g. What do you like best about our town? Use a pro-forma and put ticks in boxes.
 Local area walk following the route on a map.

Sketching

Draw an outline of simple features they observe. Add colour, texture and detail to prepared field sketches. Join labels to correct features.

Audio/visual

Use a camera in the field with help to record what they have seen.
 Label the photo with help.

Geographical Enquiry

Children encouraged to ask simple geographical questions; about Bishop's Stortford Where is it? What's it like?
 Use maps, pictures/photos and internet as sources of information.

Investigate their surroundings and local area.

Make appropriate observations about why things happen.
 Make simple comparisons between features of different places.

Study pictures of the localities in the past and in the present and ask 'How has it changed?'

Express own views about a place, people and environment.
 Give detailed reasons to support own likes, dislikes and preferences.

Using maps and scale

Making maps

Follow a route around the streets of BS on a map.
 Using a key to locate physical and human features on a map of the town centre.
 Understand some symbols of a key on a map—church, railway station, parking, toilets, taxi ranks, river.
 Devise own map of a town including human and physical features with a key.


Direction


Follow directions (Up, down, left/right, forwards/backwards) and recap north, south, east and west.


Map Knowledge

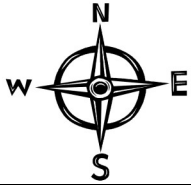
Locate Bishop's Stortford on a UK map.
 Identify features on a street plan.

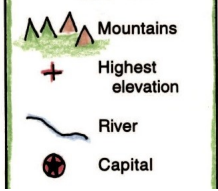
Vocabulary Word Mat for Local Area

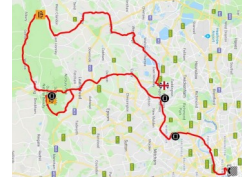
<u>Word</u> England	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> A country in the United Kingdom	

<u>Word</u> Hertfordshire	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> A county in England. Bishop's Stortford is in Hertfordshire.	

<u>Word</u> Town	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> An area that is usually larger than a village but smaller than a city. Bishop's Stortford is a town.	

<u>Word</u> Compass points	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> A compass is a tool for finding direction. The main points on a compass include: North, South, East and West.	

<u>Word</u> Map key	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> Maps often use symbols or colors to represent things, and the map key explains what they mean.	

<u>Word</u> Route	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> A way or course taken in getting from a starting point to a destination.	

Year: 2

Term: Summer

Cornerstones Topic: The Scented Garden

Geography Topic: Contrasting non-European country (St Lucia).

What should I already know?

Life can be very different in hot and cold places.
 Hot and cold places can look very different and have different physical features.
 Different things will grow, animals and people will do different activities depending on the weather.
 What a world map is for and what it shows.
 Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.
 Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) to record the location of hot and cold areas in relation to the Equator and North and South Poles.

Key Vocabulary

World map	A map of all of the surface of Earth.
Island	A piece of land surrounded by water.
St Lucia	Island in the Caribbean, in the Windward Islands.
Caribbean	The region consisting of the Caribbean Sea, its islands (including the West Indies), and the surrounding coasts.
Weather	The state of the atmosphere with respect to wind, temperature, cloudiness, moisture, pressure, etc.
Climate	The weather conditions prevailing in an area in general or over a long period.
Human features	Human features are things that are built by humans such as bridges and roads.
Physical features	Physical features show natural objects such as mountains and rivers.
Volcano	A mountain from which hot melted rock, gas, steam and ash from inside the earth
Mountain	A large landform that rises above the surrounding land usually in the form of a peak.
Education	The process of facilitating learning.
Health care	The process of improving and maintaining health .
Housing	The general living spaces of individuals.
Overcrowding	The presence of more people in a space than is safe.

Key Locational / Place Knowledge

Human and Physical Geography

To use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:
key physical features, including: beach, coast, mountain, volcano, sea, ocean, season, weather
key human features, including: city, town, village, farm, house, buildings, school, harbour
 Locate St Lucia and the UK on a world map and a globe.
 Know what an island is and the difference between an island and continent.
 Castries is the capital city of St Lucia.
 The population of St Lucia is much smaller than the UK.
 St Lucia is part of the Windward islands eg (West Indian islands of Dominica, Martinique, Grenada and Vincent and the Grenadines).
 Physical landscape features of St Lucia include The Pitons mountains, Soufriere Volcano, the beaches. There are many harbours such as at Castries.
 St Lucia has a tropical climate, hot all year round, with a relatively cool, dry season from January to mid-April and a hot, humid and rainy season from mid-June to November.
 Human features include (fruits grown and sold - bananas and cocoa) and hotels etc built for tourism in St Lucia.
 There is poverty in St Lucia and housing in places is overcrowded, there are Shanty towns, the lack of health care and compare education for children in St Lucia to children in England.



Geographical Enquiry

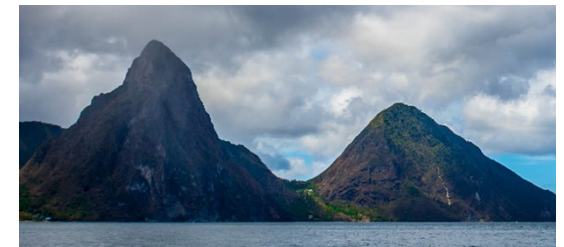
Children encouraged to ask simple geographical questions about St Lucia; Where is it? What's it like?
 Use maps, pictures/photos and internet as sources of information to find out more about St Lucia.
 Compare physical and human features of St Lucia and the UK.
 Make appropriate observations about why things happen.
 Make simple comparisons between features of different places.
 Express own views about a place, people and environment. Give detailed reasons to support own likes, dislikes and preferences.
 Use photographs to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features.

Using maps and scale

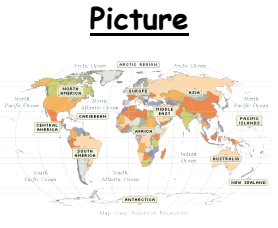
Use an infant atlas to locate places.
 Find land/sea on globe and map
 Locate St Lucia, Windward Islands (West Indian islands of Dominica, Martinique, Grenada and Vincent and the Grenadines) and the Caribbean Sea on a world map and on a map of Caribbean islands.
 Label where physical features are on a map of St Lucia.
 Locate the capital city of St Lucia.
 Follow directions (use north, south, east and west).

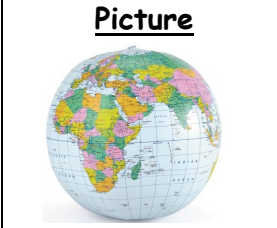
Cross curricular opportunities


Cross curricular English—Children to imagine they are on holiday in St Lucia and are writing a postcard to a friend or family member telling them what it is like.

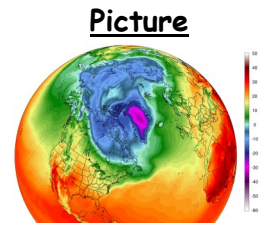


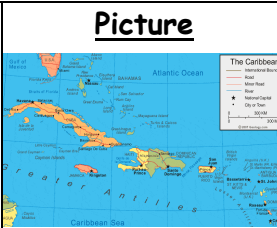
Vocabulary Word Mat for Contrasting non-European country (St Lucia).


<u>Word</u> Atlas	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> A collection of various maps of the earth or a specific region.	

<u>Word</u> Globe	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> A spherical model of Earth.	

<u>Word</u> Island	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> A piece of land surrounded by water.	

<u>Word</u> Climate	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> The state of the atmosphere with respect to wind, temperature, cloudiness, moisture, pressure, etc.	

<u>Word</u> Caribbean	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> The region consisting of the Caribbean Sea, its islands (including the West Indies), and the surrounding coasts.	

<u>Word</u> St Lucia	<u>Picture</u> 
<u>Definition</u> Island in the Caribbean, in the Windward Islands.	